

## Exercises

I. *Directions:* Match each definition to the word part it defines.

- |                |           |
|----------------|-----------|
| _____ 1. pre-  | a. one    |
| _____ 2. re-   | b. not    |
| _____ 3. ex-   | c. before |
| _____ 4. mono- | d. out    |
| _____ 5. un-   | e. again  |

II. *Directions:* Selecting from *pre-*, *re-*, *ex-*, *mono-*, and *un-*, write the proper word part in each blank so that the appropriate word is formed.

1. The belief in only one God is known as \_\_\_\_\_ theism.
2. I hope Frank will \_\_\_\_\_ tell his hilarious story about his first camping experience.
3. Fortunately, the window was still \_\_\_\_\_ broken after it suddenly slammed shut.
4. People are guilty of \_\_\_\_\_ justice when they make judgments before they know all of the facts.
5. After the baseball struck Jake in the chest, breathing was painful for him when he \_\_\_\_\_ haled.

Many common words are frequently confused with one another and used inappropriately. Use your insight to choose the correct word in each situation. The answers are given at the bottom of the page that follows.

### principal/principle

1. The president of the United States is the \_\_\_\_\_ elected official.
2. The \_\_\_\_\_ of equal justice is one in which we all believe.

III. *Directions:* Write X before the sentence if the word part keeps the meaning it had in the previous exercises, O if it does not.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. I will have to have my suit *pressed* before I wear it again.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. Because of smoke damage, the Hubbells had to *repaint* their kitchen walls.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Mitch can remember the *exact* day he bought his first car.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Chris was not a member of the choir because he is only able to sing in a *monotone*.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. It was *unnecessary* for me to water the garden because of the morning's rain.

IV. *Directions:* Using the word parts that you have learned, think of five words that were not used in this lesson. Then, write that word and its definition in a complete sentence.

Example: **pre-** Prehistoric means a time before history, or events, were recorded.

1. **pre-** \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

2. **re-** \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

3. **ex-** \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

4. **mono-** \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

5. **un-** \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



- 1. *Principal* refers to chief or the highest in rank.
- 2. *Principle* refers to an accepted or professed rule of action or conduct.